

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 3/4/2011 Revision date: 4/20/2023 Supersedes: 3/4/2011 Version: 2.1

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O)

 CAS-No.
 : 64-17-5

 Product code
 : DLM-31B

 Formula
 : C2H6O

Synonyms : Ethyl alcohol, Pure / Absolute alcohol

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc.

50 Frontage Rd

01810

ANDOVER, MA, 01810

USA

T 1-800-322-1174

cilsales@isotope.com - www.isotope.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-703-741-5970

Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 24 hours

# **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

H315

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Full text of H statements : see section 16

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :





Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking. heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors.

P264 - Wash Both hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see Hazard pictograms (CLP) on this label).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Alcohol resistant foam, Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical to extinguish.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to Comply with applicable regulations.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS	CAS-No.: 64-17-5		Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general
First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician and show this safety data sheet.
- Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Wash with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

First-aid measures after eye contact

- : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
- First-aid measures after ingestion
- : Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth

with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: For small fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No additional information available

# 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : U

: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Protection during firefighting

: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

**Emergency procedures** 

: Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spillage, then collect with non-combustible absorbent material. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local regulations.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take

measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before

breaks and at the end of workday.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened

must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Recommended storage temperature: 2 - 8 C. Handle and store under inert gas. Air and moisture sensitive.

Storage conditions : Store at room temperature away from light and moisture.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Ethanol		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Confirmed animal carcinogen.		
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Ethyl alcohol (Ethanol)		
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1900 mg/m³		
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	1000 ppm		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Ethanol		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm		
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm		
Remark (ACGIH)	pper Respiratory Tract irritation. Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1900 mg/m³		
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	1000 ppm		

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
Remark (OSHA)	The value of mg/m3 is approximate. USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL TWA	1900 mg/m³		
NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm		
Remark (NIOSH)	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits.		

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

# 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves

#### Hand protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves

#### Eye protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

#### Skin and body protection:

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place. Handle with gloves.

# Respiratory protection:

When appropriate, use NIOSH/CEN approved respirator.

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid, clear.
Color : Colorless

Odor : Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour:

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : -114 °C (-173 °F) Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : 78.3 °C (172.9 °F)

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Flash point : 14 °C (57.2 °F) - closed cup

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : 59.5 hPa (44.6 mmHg) at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)

Relative vapor density at 20°C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.89 g/ml at 25°C (77 °F) (Labeled)

Molecular mass : 52.11 g/mol (Labeled)

Solubility : Water solubility. completely soluble.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : -0.349 at 24°C (75 °F) : 363 °C (685 °F) Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : 3.3 – 19 % (V) Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable if stored under recommended conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals, Ammonia, Oxidizing agents, Peroxides.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - None known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	7060 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	20000 ppm 10 h

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)			
ATE US (oral)	7060 mg/kg body weight		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
LD50 oral rat	10470 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	15800 mg/kg		
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	30000 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (oral)	10470 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	15800 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (vapors)	30000 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	30000 mg/l/4h		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified		
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified		
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)			
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17	'-5)		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified		
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.		
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified		
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified		
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available		
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.		
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.		
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.		
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.		

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	11200 mg/l	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5463 mg/l	
ErC50 algae	1000 mg/l	
NOEC chronic crustacea	9.6 mg/l	
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	11200 mg/l	

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5463 mg/l		
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	275 mg/l Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) - 72 h (OECD 201 method)		
ErC50 algae	1000 mg/l		
NOEC chronic crustacea	9.6 mg/l		
NOEC chronic algae	9.6 mg/l Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 9 d		

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)		
Persistence and degradability	Not available.	
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)		
Biodegradation 95 % Readily biodegradable.		

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.349 at 24°C (75 °F)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.		
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.349 at 24°C (75 °F)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is not expected.		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)		
Ecology - soil	Not available.	
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)		
Ecology - soil	Not available.	

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Waste materials should be disposed of under conditions which meet Federal, State, and local environmental control regulations.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

## 14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN1170

4/20/2023 (Revision date) US - en 8/12

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1170 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1170 UN-No. (IATA) : 1170

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Ethanol

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : ETHYL ALCOHOL

: ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) Ethanol

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 : 3

Hazard labels (DOT)



#### **TDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) Hazard labels (TDG) : 3



#### **IMDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3 Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



#### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3 : 3 Hazard labels (IATA)



# 14.4. Packing group

: II Packing group (DOT) : II Packing group (TDG) Packing group (IMDG) : 11 Packing group (IATA) : 11

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

**DOT** 

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1170

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 24 - Alcoholic beverages containing more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be

transported as materials in Packing Group II. Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24 percent but not more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in

Packing Group III.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110

kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 4b;150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 5 L
CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

: 60 L

**TDG** 

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1170

TDG Special Provisions : 150 - An approved ERAP is required for the dangerous goods referred to in paragraph 7.2(1)(f)

of Part 7 (Emergency Response Assistance Plan). SOR-2019-101

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG) : E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 5 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 127

**IMDG** 

Special provision (IMDG) : 144
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E2
Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-D - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Delta - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Stowage category (IMDG) : A Flash point (IMDG) : '

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Colourless, volatile liquids.Pure ETHANOL: flashpoint 13°C c.c. Explosive limits: 3.3% to

19% Miscible with water.

MFAG-No : 127

**IATA** 

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : F2 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353 5L PCA max net quantity (IATA) . CAO packing instructions (IATA) 364 CAO max net quantity (IATA) 60L

4/20/2023 (Revision date) US - en 10/12

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Special provision (IATA) : A3, A58, A180

ERG code (IATA) : 3L

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS	64-17-5	Present	Active	

THANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 302.	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

# ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

#### **National regulations**

# ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

#### 15.3. US State regulations

ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) (<6% D2O) (64-17-5)	
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Component	State or local regulations
ETHANOL-D6 (D, 99%) ANHYDROUS(64-17-5)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 04/20/2023

Other information : This product is not radioactive. The data given for this product are those of the corresponding

unlabeled compound, unless specifically indicated otherwise. Health and safety data for labeled compounds are generally not available, but are assumed to be similar or identical to the

corresponding unlabeled compound.

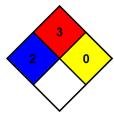
Full text of H-phrases		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H335	5 May cause respiratory irritation	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	

NFPA health hazard	:	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary
		incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

conditions.



Hazard Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 3 Serious Hazard - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions.

Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well

as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB IC)

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT

react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.