



# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%)

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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**CLM-317**

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance  
Substance name : ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%)  
EC index no : 607-002-00-6 (Unlabeled)  
EC no : 200-580-7 (Unlabeled)  
CAS No : 1563-79-7  
Product code : CLM-317  
Formula : CH<sub>3</sub>\*COOH  
Synonyms : Glacial acetic acid

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Professional use  
Industrial/Professional use spec : For professional use only.

##### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc.  
50 Frontage Road  
Andover, MA 01810  
USA

USA: 1-800-322-1174 Int: 1-978-749-8000  
[cilsales@isotope.com](mailto:cilsales@isotope.com) [www.isotope.com](http://www.isotope.com)

#### Emergency telephone number

Emergency numbers:

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)  
International: 1-703-741-5970 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 3 H226  
Skin Corr. 1A H314  
Eye Dam. 1 H318

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

##### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

R10  
C; R35  
Xi; R41

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 3 H226  
Skin Corr. 1A H314  
Eye Dam. 1 H318

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



GHS02

GHS05

Signal word (CLP) :

Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements (CLP) :

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment  
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors  
P264 - Wash Both hands thoroughly after handling  
P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

#### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors  
P264 - Wash Both hands thoroughly after handling  
P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician  
P321 - Specific treatment (see Hazard pictograms (CLP) on this label)  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Alcohol resistant foam., Dry chemical. to extinguish  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to Comply with applicable regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC
ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 1563-79-7 (EC no) 200-580-7 (Unlabeled) (EC index no) 607-002-00-6 (Unlabeled)	100	R10 C; R35 Xi; R41

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 1563-79-7 (EC no) 200-580-7 (Unlabeled) (EC index no) 607-002-00-6 (Unlabeled)	100	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of R- and H- phrases: see section 16

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 1563-79-7	100	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathed in, move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Not available.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place.

Storage conditions : Store at room temperature away from light and moisture.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

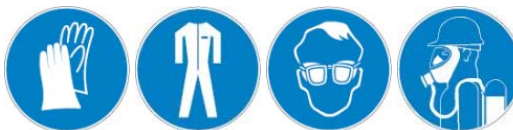
### 8.1. Control parameters

ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)		
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm Pulmonary function. Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Eye irritation. USA ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Italy - Portugal - USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15 ppm Pulmonary function. Upper Respiratory Tract irritation. Eye irritation. USA ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar. USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar. USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	37 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar. USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	15 ppm Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar. USA NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> The value in mg/m <sup>3</sup> is approximate. USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	10 ppm California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	40 ppm California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment : Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Self-contained breathing apparatus.



Materials for protective clothing : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Hand protection : Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection : When appropriate, use NIOSH/CEN approved respirator.

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Environmental exposure controls : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Molecular mass	: 61.05 g/mol (Labeled)
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Pungent.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: 2.4 at 60.05 g/l
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: 16.2 °C (61.2 °F) - lit
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 117 - 118 °C (243 - 244 °F) - lit
Flash point	: 40.0 °C (104 °F) - closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	: 485 °C (905 °F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 15.2 hPa (11.4 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	: 73.3 hPa (55 mmHg) at 50 °C (122 °F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 1.049 g/ml at 25 °C (77 °F)
Solubility	: Water: Completely miscible
Log Pow	: -0.17
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 4 - 19.9 % (V)

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Not available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable if stored under recommended conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Soluble carbonates and phosphates, Hydroxides, Metals. Peroxides, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, Amines, Alcohols. Nitric acid.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No data available.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3310 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1112 mg/kg

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<b>ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)</b>	
LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 1 h - 5620 ppm Remarks	Sense Organs and Special Senses (Nose, Eye, Ear, and Taste)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Skin - Rabbit Result: Causes severe burns. pH: 2.4 at 60.05 g/l
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Eyes - Rabbit Result: Corrosive to eyes pH: 2.4 at 60.05 g/l
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, cough, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting. Ingestion or inhalation of concentrated acetic acid causes damage to tissues of the respiratory and digestive tracts. Symptoms include: hematemesis, bloody diarrhea, edema and/or perforation of the esophagus and pylorus, pancreatitis, hematuria, anuria, uremia, albuminuria, hemolysis, convulsions, bronchitis, pulmonary edema, pneumonia, cardiovascular collapse, shock, and death. Direct contact or exposure to high concentrations of vapor with skin or eyes can cause: erythema, blisters, tissue destruction with slow healing, skin blackening, hyperkeratosis, fissures, corneal erosion, opacification, iritis, conjunctivitis, and possible blindness. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	> 1000 mg/l semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 300.82 Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Aerobic - Exposure time 30 d.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	880 mg/g
Biodegradation	99 % Readily biodegradable Remarks: Expected to be biodegradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)</b>	
Log Pow	-0.17

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Waste materials should be disposed of under conditions which meet Federal, State, and Local environmental control regulations.

# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- Waste disposal recommendations : Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.
- Ecology - waste materials : Dispose of as unused product.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

#### 14.1. UN number

- UN-No.(DOT) : 2789  
DOT NA no. UN2789

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

- Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Acetic acid, glacial  
with more than 80 percent acid, by mass
- Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
- Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive  
3 - Flammable liquid



- Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger
- DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : A3 - For combination packaging, if glass inner packaging (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.  
A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.  
A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.  
A10 - When aluminum or aluminum alloy construction materials are used, they must be resistant to corrosion.  
B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.  
IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.  
T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)  
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
- DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
- DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
- DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243

#### 14.3. Additional information

- Other information : No supplementary information available.
- Special transport precautions : Not dangerous goods.

#### Overland transport

- Packing group (ADR) : II
- Class (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances
- Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 83
- Classification code (ADR) : CF1
- Hazard labels (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances  
3 - Flammable liquids



# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Orange plates



Tunnel restriction code : D/E  
Limited quantities (ADR) : 1I  
EAC : •2P  
APP : A(fl)  
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2

### Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.  
MFAG-No : 132

### Air transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L  
(49 CFR 173.27)  
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L  
Civil Aeronautics Law : Corrosive substances

### 14.4. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### 14.5. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Not dangerous goods.

### 14.6. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

#### ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) (1563-79-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

#### 15.2.1. National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.3. US State regulations

#### ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%)(1563-79-7)

State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.
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## SECTION 16: Other information



# ACETIC ACID (1-13C, 99%) CLM-317

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010 and according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Other information : This product is not radioactive. The data given for this product are those of the corresponding unlabeled compound, unless specifically indicated otherwise. Health and safety data for labeled compounds are generally not available, but are assumed to be similar or identical to the corresponding unlabeled compound.

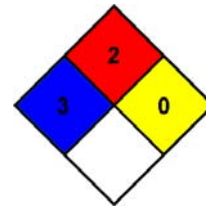
Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases:

Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
R10	Flammable
R35	Causes severe burns
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes
C	Corrosive
Xi	Irritant

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



### HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

CIL Multi-Solvent Mixture SDS

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*